



THE NATIONAL BOARD FOR  
**SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN**  
IN THE CATHOLIC CHURCH

**Review of Child Safeguarding Practice  
in the religious congregation of**

# **The Disciples of the Divine Master (PDDM)**

**undertaken by**

**The National Board for Safeguarding Children in the  
Catholic Church in Ireland (NBSCCCI)**

**April 10, 2015**

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## **Background**

The National Board for Safeguarding Children in the Catholic Church in Ireland (NBSCCCI) was asked by the Sponsoring Bodies, namely the Irish Episcopal Conference, the Conference of Religious of Ireland and the Irish Missionary Union, to undertake a comprehensive review of safeguarding practice within and across all the Church authorities on the island of Ireland.

The NBSCCCI is aware that some religious congregations have ministries that involve direct contact with children while others do not. In religious congregations that have direct involvement with children, reviews of child safeguarding have been undertaken by measuring their practice compliance against all seven Church standards. Where a religious congregation no longer has, or never had ministry involving children and has not received any allegation of sexual abuse, the NBSCCCI reviews are conducted using a shorter procedure. The size, age and activity profiles of religious congregations can vary significantly and the NBSCCCI accepts that it is rational that the form of review be tailored to the profile of each Church authority, where the ministry with children is limited or non-existent. The procedure for assessment of safeguarding practice with such congregations is set out in the contents page of this report. The NBSCCCI welcomes that in order to have full openness, transparency and accountability, religious congregations that do not have ministry with children have made requests to have their safeguarding practice examined and commented upon.

The purpose of this review remains the same and it is to confirm that current safeguarding practice complies with the standards set down within the guidance issued by the Sponsoring Bodies in February 2009 *Safeguarding Children: Standards and Guidance Document for the Catholic Church in Ireland* and that all known allegations and concerns had been appropriately dealt with. To achieve this task, safeguarding practice in each of these Church authorities is reviewed through an examination of policy and procedures, and through interviews with key personnel involved both within and external to the religious congregation.

This report contains the findings of *the Review of Child Safeguarding Practice within the religious congregation of The Disciples of the Divine Master* undertaken by the NBSCCCI in line with the request made to it by the Sponsoring Bodies.

The findings of the review have been shared with a reference group before being submitted to Sr. Mary Brid Geraghty, along with any recommendations, arising from the findings. The review is not based on a review of case material as during the relevant time period there were no allegations made against members of the congregation that were within the Terms of Reference. There also were no allegations in respect of other forms of abuse within the time period, in respect of deceased and living members of the congregation. The review therefore is primarily based on policies and procedures made available plus interviews with key personnel involved in the safeguarding process within the congregation, particularly in the services run by the congregation.

## **1. Introduction**

The Disciples of the Divine Master is an international congregation of religious women that was founded in Italy in 1924 by James Alberione. They form part of the Pauline Family, which includes priests, religious and lay people whose mission is “to live and give Jesus Master to the world”. In religious profession they publicly assume the obligation of living this rule of life in communion with their sisters and to fulfill their mission at the service of the Eucharist, the Priesthood and the Liturgy. Their primary apostolic ministry is Adoration of the Blessed Sacrament.

The Disciples of the Divine Master promote liturgical formation and animation in various ways among the clergy and laity. This is done through the production and distribution of sacred art, liturgical furnishings and vestments, together with an active participation in the life of the Church.

The Disciples of the Divine Master currently have congregations in five continents and thirty one countries across the world. They were established in Ireland in 1965 where they settled in a house in Ballykeeran outside of Athlone town. In 1979 they moved into Athlone and established a second house in Dublin in 1992. They operate two Liturgical Centres, in Athlone and Dublin which are registered businesses.

## **2. Role Profile (past and present role with children):**

The congregation has traditionally had no direct ministry with children. As a semi contemplative Order, the sisters’ main contact with the public is through their two shops, (known as liturgical centres) and public chapels in Dublin and Athlone

That said, one of the sisters volunteered providing English lessons for two non-national children, for one hour per week, at their Community House. This was a private arrangement, which has now ceased. This sister is Garda vetted and is the designated Child Protection Liaison Person for the congregation.

In the Dublin Centre belonging to the Sisters of the Disciple of the Divine Master, one of the rooms is rented out weekly to a children’s drama group and on a twice yearly basis to a local college. The drama group and the college are responsible for their own safeguarding policy and procedures, their own insurance and have their own Designated Liaison Person. The congregation requires this as part of the leasing arrangement. While the congregation has copies of these groups policy and procedure documents for child safeguarding, and keep a copy on file for their reference, they are not responsible for the activities or any aspect of child safeguarding within these groups.

## **3. Profile of Members:**

There are nine sisters currently in the Disciples of the Divine Master in Ireland, with five being based in Dublin and four in Athlone. Three of these sisters are Irish, two are naturalized Irish, and four are missionaries from their countries of origin, without any

specified time limit for their service. They range in age from thirty five to eighty nine years of age and all are active in their ministry.

#### **4. Policy and Procedures Document:**

The Disciples of the Divine Master have a three page child safeguarding policy which is accessible on their Irish website. They have a two page document which is displayed in public areas of their Ministry Centres in Dublin and Athlone.

These safeguarding policy documents outline the congregation's commitment to the safeguarding of children according to the teachings of the church, and civil legislation and guidance. They state their commitment to work collaboratively with the National Board for Safeguarding Children in the Catholic Church in Ireland (NBSCCCI), TUSLA (Child and Family Agency), Church leaders, clergy, lay representatives, Congregations and children and young people to "recognise and deal with the historical abuse of children and to proactively try to ensure the safety and wellbeing of children in all current church activities."

The website policy provides very detailed information in relation to appropriate statutory organisations and counselling services. The display document is designed with bullet points and bold print detailing the contact numbers of TUSLA, An Garda Síochána and the NBSCCCI. It also clearly provides the information of the Delegated Liaison Person.

#### **5. Structures:**

As a result of the small number of sisters in Ireland, Leadership is centralised with the Mother General and her Council in Rome. The Delegated Superior in Ireland is Sr. Mary Brid Geraghty, who has appointed a Designated Liaison Person, to assist her in the management of all child safeguarding matters. The Designated Liaison Person is a canon lawyer and has completed child safeguarding training with the NBSCCCI.

#### **6. Management of Allegations and liaison with the statutory authorities:**

There have not been any allegations of abuse against any member of the Disciples of the Divine Master in Ireland, and as such there has been no contact between this congregation and the civil authority agencies, An Garda Síochána or TUSLA.

Traditionally where possible, part of the ministry of the Disciples of the Divine Master is to care for their brothers of the Society of Saint Paul, and to provide pastoral ministry and hospitality to all priests, religious and diocesan. This hospitality has resulted in the congregation providing ministry to priests who have had allegations of the abuse of children made against them. In this case, any priest who stays in the community, either short term or long term, has a supervisor, is subject to a risk assessment and safety plan, and remains the responsibility of the diocese to which he belongs.

## **7. Conclusion:**

The Disciples of the Divine Master have had no traditional ministry with children and have no allegations of child abuse. Consequently there was no case management material examined during this review.

One sister has volunteered on a specific and time limited basis with two children over the past seven months.

The congregation provides ministry to priests and have three long-term residential places within their Dublin community. If there are allegations of abuse in relation to any of these priests, the sisters work closely with the diocese from which they come, to identify appropriate planning and assessment. The priests remain the responsibility of the diocese.

The Disciples of the Divine Master have a comprehensive three page child safeguarding policy and a two page document that is on public display in their Athlone and Dublin buildings. The display document is written in large, bold letters. It is easy to read and accessible to the public. These documents are of a very high standard and are more than adequate given the congregation has very limited ministry with children. The Designated Liaison Person has been meticulous in ensuring that the limited voluntary work she has had with children has adhered to the principles of the policy documents.

The reviewer concludes that this congregation is conscious of the need to safeguard children, while at the same time caring for accused priests. All appropriate steps have been taken by the sisters and the reviewer is satisfied there are no concerns about the practice within the Congregation of the Disciples of the Divine Master.

**Review of Child Safeguarding in the Catholic Church in Ireland**  
**Terms of Reference**  
**Small Religious Congregations**  
**(which should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes)**

**Introduction**

In order for the NBSCCCI to be able to state that all Church Authorities on the island of Ireland have been evaluated in respect of their child safeguarding policies and practices, both historical and current, then some form of appropriate assessment has to be conducted of every one of these. It is rational however that the form of assessment is tailored to the profile of each Church Authority, and that needless expenditure of resources and unnecessary interference in the life of religious orders and communities that have no children-specific ministry would be avoided.

This review seeks to examine the current arrangements for safeguarding children across small religious congregations /orders, and missionary societies in Ireland who have limited or no direct contact with children as part of the congregation's ministry.

It would also scrutinize practice within all known cases to ensure that they have been responded to appropriately.

The review's methodology is an adaptation of the methodology developed for all dioceses and large religious congregations and missionary societies, where the ministry involves regular contact with children.

The proposed review would consider the following:-

- (a) Former role with children
- (b) Allegations of child abuse against members and how these have been responded to
- (c) Existing relationships with statutory authorities such as the HSE, Gardai in the Republic and the HSCT or PSNI in Northern Ireland.
- (d) Policies in place and being applied for safeguarding children
- (e) Roles and responsibilities and where they exist the operation of Advisory Panels, and Safeguarding Committees

The objective of the review would be to confirm if there have been any allegations and how known allegations have been responded to; in addition the review seeks to confirm what the current arrangements for safeguarding children are. In particular, emphasis will be placed on establishing how policies and practice match up to the standards set down in *Safeguarding Children: Standards and Guidance Document for the Catholic Church in Ireland* published by the National Board for Safeguarding Children in the Catholic Church in Ireland and launched in February 2009. Priority, at all times, will be given to how policy and practice can be improved and strengthened. If policies and/or practices are identified that are concerning, inadequate, or dangerous, they will be addressed through the provision of guidance and support, and through the reporting of these situations to the appropriate statutory authorities, if this has not already happened. Similarly, those that are good examples will be highlighted with a view to them being adopted comprehensively across all parts of the Church. All cases that relate to alleged or known offenders that are alive will be read and included in the review. In cases where the alleged or known offender is deceased, these will be sampled in an attempt to gather learning from them that will be used to inform the framing of recommendations.

### **Guidance Documents**

The review will be guided by the following:-

- (a) *Safeguarding Children: Standards and Guidance Document for the Catholic Church in Ireland*
- (b) *Children First* Guidance in ROI; and Regional Child Protection Guidelines in Northern Ireland;
- (c) Legislation that exists in each jurisdiction which contributes to safeguarding children and young people.

The review will be undertaken by the National Board for Safeguarding Children in the Catholic Church in Ireland (NBSCCCI) through their National Office and led by the Chief Executive Officer.

The review process will be overseen by a Reference Group to whom the CEO will report on a regular basis. The membership of this Reference Group has been drawn from each of the statutory child protection agencies in both jurisdictions, along with eminent individuals in the field from academia. The current Reference Group consists of: Dr Helen Buckley (TCD); Mr Paul Harrison (Tusla), and John Toner (SBNI).

It is important to confirm that the value of the review is dependent upon full and complete access to all relevant documentation and information relating to the abuse of children known to the individual Church authorities. The review will proceed on the basis that willingness exists on the part of each of the subjects of the review to provide full access to the fieldwork team, subject, where relevant, to the terms of the Data Processing Deed agreed between the Sponsoring Bodies and entered into between the parties hereto.

## **Step Guide to the Review Process**

### **Step 1.**

A letter of invitation to review is sent by the Provincial/Regional Superior or other person responsible for the congregation/ order or missionary society (hereinafter referred to as ‘the Ordinary’).

### **Step 2.**

The CEO will forward a survey to the provincial which will identify:

- Current number of members
- Past role with children
- Current role with children
- Total number of allegations received up to 2014
- Number of living members against whom there are allegations

### **Step 3.**

For any Order where there have been allegations a full review will proceed, as per step 4 - 23. For those Orders where there have been no known allegations a desk top examination of policies and procedures will take place followed by a site visit to interview all relevant personnel within the safeguarding structure. For these orders step 5 and 13-23 will apply.

### **Step 4.**

The CEO and Ordinary will confirm the dates for the fieldwork for the review, and names of the fieldwork team.

### **Step 5.**

The Church Authority will be asked to make available all of the case files and related documentation in respect of any safeguarding concerns that have been identified within the diocese. The Church Authority will make available a room with wireless internet access for the reviewers to conduct their review of files, so that any records made by the reviewers can be directly typed and stored onto a secure server which is only accessed by the reviewers. In the absence of internet access the reviewers will type their notes onto a secure encrypted USB stick for later uploading onto the secure server.

### **Step 6.**

The Church Authority will be requested to sign the revised Data Processing Deed prior to the arrival of the team.

**Step 7.**

The Church Authority will arrange a schedule of interviews with all who hold safeguarding roles within its functional area. The designated person and the Church Authority will be available to the reviewers throughout the period of fieldwork.

**Step 8.**

The fieldwork team when they arrive on site will firstly confirm that they have a suitable place to work in and that all the required documentation has been provided to them for their review. In the event that the fieldwork team forms the opinion that the Church Authority has not provided access to all such documents, the NBSCCCI shall give notice in writing to the Church Authority of the opinion of the fieldwork team and such notice shall specify the reasons for same. Thereupon, the Church Authority shall respond in detail to the notice. Each party shall use its best endeavours to resolve any differences of opinion which shall arise and, in the event that resolution is not arrived at, the parties will attempt to resolve the dispute by recourse to the services of a mediator agreed between them or nominated for the purpose at the request of any of them without prejudice to the NBSCCCI's entitlement to terminate the review. In the event that resolution has not been arrived at following mediation, either party shall be at liberty to terminate forthwith the review.

**Step 9.**

On arrival, the fieldwork team should be supplied with a single case file index that lists all the cases that have been created within the diocese. These may be divided into two groups. The first group will contain all allegations that relate to living alleged or known perpetrators. The second will contain any that are deceased.

**Step 10.**

Depending on the volume involved a decision should be made as to whether all or a random sample of the "deceased group" should be reviewed. Care should be taken to include all prominent cases in the sample.

**Step 11.**

Each case file will be reviewed by each fieldworker independently in the first instance. They will create a written summary with chronological information of the case. In certain cases a second reader may be required, this will be discussed and agreed between the fieldworkers.

**Step 12.**

Following the reading of the case and the creation of a summary, the fieldworkers will analyse and assess the actions taken in the case. They will assess compliance with agreed Church policy that was extant at that time. They will also indicate whether any current risk exists in respect of the information contained within the file and advise the church Authority of necessary safeguarding action to reduce the risk.

**Step 13.**

When all the case files have been read, the fieldwork team will then examine and review any procedures or protocols that exist within the diocese to confirm that they are in compliance with the *Safeguarding Children: Standards and Guidance* document issued by the NBSCCCI in February of 2009.

**Step 14.**

To complete the review, the fieldwork team will then seek to speak to those directly involved in the safeguarding structure in the diocese. This should include the Advisory Panel, a sample of parish safeguarding representatives, the designated person, the safeguarding committee, victim support and advisors and the Bishop/Provincial. The purpose of these interviews is to form a view of the competence and effectiveness of the safeguarding structure that exists within the Church Authority.

**Step 15.**

The fieldwork team will also seek to speak to representatives of the key statutory agencies to provide them with an opportunity to express their views on the quality of the working relationships that exist between them and the Church Authority.

**Step 16.**

A verbal feedback session on initial key findings will be given to the Church Authority.

**Step 17.**

Upon completion of the field work, the team may request to take materials – other than casework records to review off-site; this alongside all materials gathered by the reviewers, including written notes on cases and meetings, will be analysed and will form the basis of the draft assessment review report.

**Step 18.**

The draft will be forwarded to the Church Authority for factual accuracy checking.

**Step 19.**

Alongside all other reports under review, the report will be presented in draft to the Reference Group for their critique and comment. If further work is required at the direction of the Reference group the CEO will ensure this work is completed and advise the Church Authority accordingly.

**Step 20.**

The report will be legally proofed by NBSCCCI lawyer.

**Step 21.**

The report will be forwarded to the NBSCCCI for approval

**Step 22**

A final draft report will then be submitted to the Church Authority. The expectation would be that the report will be published by the Church Authority at an agreed time in the future.

**Step 23.**

All case material written, including summaries, as part of the review, which are for the reviewers use only, will be stored on a secure server.

### **Guide for Reviewers**

In terms of small (female religious orders) reference should be made to the following:

1. Has the Order provided alternative care to children in an orphanage, industrial school or children's residential home, but no longer is engaged in running such services;
2. Has the order provided education to children, in both or either boarding schools and day schools, but no longer does so ;
3. Has the order provided medical and/or nursing services to children, but no longer does so;
4. Has the order provided any other services to children, in community services centres, youth clubs etc., and no longer does so;
5. Does the order currently provide any sort of service to children and families that brings them into regular contact with children;
6. Has the order never provided any service to children (e.g. contemplative orders).

In relation to category 1 above;

1. The reviewers will establish whether any service they provided is included in the list of children's residential services produced by the Residential Institutions Redress Board (RIRB);
2. If this is the case, reference should be made to this.
3. If complaints have been referred to the Redress Board or Ryan Commission, this review cannot access these records and that will be stated in the report.
4. If the order has received complaints which have not been processed through Redress or Ryan these cases will be thoroughly examined as detailed above.

### **Review of Policy and Procedures**

1. It is recognised that not all Orders will have any ministry with children and therefore their policies and procedures should reflect the work that they do with children.
2. If the Order only works through other organisations, example in Diocesan work or in schools, they are required to follow the policies of those organisations.
3. If there are gaps in the policy document an assessment should be made as to whether the ministry engaged in requires full compliance with all criteria attached to the seven standards
4. Where it is clear that the criteria do not apply a reference should be made at the beginning of the review report that the Order's ministry is not directly with children and therefore adherence to particular criteria do not apply.
5. If the Order is a contemplative Order, there is no expectation that they will have detailed policies and procedures, but reference should be made to their ministry and that they have no contact with children.
6. In all cases, contact will be made with the civil authorities to identify if they have any child safeguarding concerns in relation to the order.